# Matings, captures and regluings 

Vladlen Timorin*<br>*Faculty of Mathematics<br>National Research University Higher School of Economics, Moscow

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## Geodesic laminations

Laminations provide topological models for polynomials, say, $f_{c}(z)=z^{2}+c$, with connected and locally connected Julia sets.
E.g. consider the basilica $f(z)=z^{2}-1$.


## Lamination for the basilica

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Rabbit



## Topological mating $f_{1} \amalg f_{2}$

- Let $f_{1}$ and $f_{2}$ be two quadratic polynomials with locally connected Julia sets.
- Consider the corresponding laminations $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$.
- Draw $L_{1}$ in the closed unit disk, and $L_{2}$ in the complement to the open unit disk.
- Collapse leaves and polygons of both laminations.


## Path homeomorphisms



## Definition

Let $\beta:[0,1] \rightarrow S^{2}$ be a simple path. Define a path homeomorphism $\sigma_{\beta}: S^{2} \rightarrow S^{2}$ as a homeomorphism such that

- $\sigma_{\beta}(\beta(0))=\beta(1)$,
- $\sigma_{\beta}(x)=x$ except in a narrow tube around $\beta[0,1]$.


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## Formal capture

Suppose that $f(z)=z^{2}+c$ is such that $f^{\circ k}(0)=0$. Let a be a strictly preperiodic point that is eventually mapped to 0 ; denote by $U$ the Fatou component of $f$ containing $a$. Choose $\beta$ as the union of

- external ray landing at some point $b \in \partial U$,
- the point $b$,
- internal ray of $U$ connecting $b$ with $a$.

Then $\sigma_{\beta} \circ f$ is a formal capture of $f$ at $a$.

## Conformal capture

The formal capture $\sigma_{\beta} \circ f$ is a Thurston map with critical points 0 and $\infty$. Moreover, 0 is periodic of period $k$, and $\infty$ gets eventually mapped to 0 .

Suppose that $\sigma_{\beta} \circ f$ is Thurston equivalent to a rational map. Call it the conformal capture.

## Hyperbolic rational functions

## Definition

A rational function $f: \mathbb{C} P^{1} \rightarrow \mathbb{C} P^{1}$ is called hyperbolic if it is expanding with respect to some Riemannian metric on a neighborhood of the Julia set.

The topological dynamics of hyperbolic rational functions is stable and in many cases easy to understand.

A conformal capture is a hyperbolic map.

## The slices $\operatorname{Per}_{k}(0)=V_{k}$

$\operatorname{Per}_{k}(0)$ is the set of (Möbius conjugacy classes of) rational maps of degree 2 with marked critical points $c_{1}, c_{2}$ such that $c_{1}$ is periodic of period k. E.g.

- $\operatorname{Per}_{1}(0)=\left\{z^{2}+c\right\}$,
- $\operatorname{Per}_{2}(0)=\left\{\frac{1}{z^{2}}\right\} \cup\left\{\frac{c}{z^{2}+2 z}\right\}$.


## Capture components

Let $R \in \operatorname{Per}_{k}(0)$ be a conformal capture. Consider the hyperbolic component in $\operatorname{Per}_{k}(0)$ (i.e. component of the set of hyperbolic maps in $\left.\operatorname{Per}_{k}(0)\right)$ containing $R$. This component is called the capture component.

The parameter plane of maps $c /\left(z^{2}+2 z\right)$


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## Parameter plane $\mathrm{Per}_{3}(0)$



## Parameter plane $\mathrm{Per}_{4}(0)$



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## Capture vs mating

Fix $\beta$ as above, and consider its pullbacks under $\sigma_{\beta} \circ f$. The intersections of these pullbacks with $\overline{\mathbb{C}}-K_{f}$ can be straightened. This yields a geodesic lamination $L$ in $\overline{\mathbb{C}}-K_{f}$. If we put $L$ into $\mathbb{D}$, then it will correspond to a polynomial $p$. Thus a fixed capture path $\beta$ gives rise to both the capture $R$ and the mating $f \amalg p$.

The mating $p$ lies on the boundary of the capture component of $R$.

## A regluing

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## Capture vs mating: regluing



## Capture vs mating: regluing



